BY J. L. PENNINGTON.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The following are the only terms of subscription to The DAILY PROGRESS:

Daily Paper, 1 month, $2 00 | Daily Paper, 3 months, $6 00
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The paper will not be sent to any one without the money in advance; and in all cases it will be stopped when the time paid for expires.

JOB PRINTING.

There being connected with the PROGRESS establishment a Job Office equal to any in the City or State, we are prepared to execute all orders for BOOK and JOB PRINTING. Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

DAILY PROGRESS.

THURSDAY, DEC. 3, 1863.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS FOR THE PRESS ASSOCIATION.]

Entered according to act of Congress, in the year 1861, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Confederate States of the Northern District of Georgia.

Rumored Resignation of Gen. Bragg.

RICHMOND, Dec. 2.—Several of the city papers this morning mention a report that Bragg has been relieved of the command of the army of Tennessee, at his own request, and Hardee appointed, but declined the responsibility. They also mention a report that Johnson has been assigned to the command.

Nothing official has yet transpired.

From Charleston.

CHARLESTON, Dec. 1.—The enemy fired sixteen shells this afternoon into the city. Several buildings have been struck. One white woman was severely wounded. The shelling of the city brought on a lively artillery duel between Gregg and the batteries on James' Island. No firing on Sullivan's Island. Eight mortar shells were fired on Sumter to-day and two last night, six of which missed. Nothing else of interest.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

CHARLESTON, Dec. 2.—Nothing unusual this morning. No further firing on the city.

The Assembly.

The Senate on yesterday was engaged mostly in considering the bill in relation to the salaries of officers.

The House had under consideration and finally passed a resolution demanding the delivery of a citizen of Beaufort county, arrested by a Confederate officer, to the civil tribunal of the State.

A good many bills of both a private and public nature were presented. See proceedings.

The House met last night and passed an important resolution, after some discussion, offered by Mr. McKay of Harnett, calling upon the Governor to prevent the wanton destruction of property by armed forces sent out to arrest deserters, and if need be to call out any portion of the military force of the State for that purpose. The resolution passed, 72 to 21. We cannot get the proceedings in this issue but will give them to-morrow.

The Richmond *Whig* urges the President to reconstruct his Cabinet. As well ask Lord John Russell to recognize the Confederacy. *Benjamin*, the Jew, must have his place though it sink the Confederacy. Mr. Davis will not reconstruct his Cabinet.

The Battle of Seven Pines.

For the Progress.]

Mr. EDITOR:—I do not wish to weary the patience of your numerous readers with anything that I can write; but in looking over the columns of your paper of November 27th, my attention was called to an article over the signature of "Henry." And in reading the portion in reference to the "battle of Seven Pines," it brought to memory an incident that occurred under my own eyes, hearing and knowing. I have reference to the time that Brig.-Gen. Colston's brigade was going into action. It was probably about 2 or 3 o'clock in the evening that we received orders to advance, our brigade being in the reserve. And as we were going near the scene of action, we were met by Gen. D. H. Hill; and he enquired what brigade it was and being told that it was Gen. Colston's, he said: "Soldiers, you are going to take the place of a brigade that gave way and run. Come on, my brave North Carolinians! I know in whom to trust; *you'll* never run! no, never, never!" And as to whether the brigade yelled or not, I do not now recollect, but we advanced on the enemy, in a charge, under fire from a battery, and an occasional shot from the retreating foe. We had taken several prisoners, but they moved back with the battery before we got to it. And our loss was but small, for the regiment, the 14th N. C. Troops, to which I have the honor of belonging, lost but two killed and one wounded. Gen. Colston's brigade was composed of the 13th and 14th N. C. regiments, and the 3d Va. regiment. And though your correspondent says not, I am of opinion Gen. Hill was then Major-General. If not, why could he have had anything to do with Gen. Colston's brigade?

Now, Mr. Editor, I have stated these facts as they occured, and I hope your correspondent, "Henry," will not feel any way offended, as it only differs from his statement as to the regiment, the yelling, the number lost, and as to Gen. Hill's rank. And I do not wish to detract anything from the 4th N. C. regiment, for it is and has been a good and noble regiment. Neither do I wish to add anything but what is true to the 14th regiment, for that is as good a regiment as any in the service. And now the 4th and 14th regiments are in the same brigade, and under that gallant and noble commander, General S. D. Ramseur.

LEE.

Major-General Thomas has issued general orders dishonorably dismissing one colonel, two majors, fifteen captains, twenty-six lieutenants, and one surgeon, for various offences, including drunkenness, feigning sickness, spreading false rumors, permitting men to plunder, misbehavior in the face of the enemy, shameful cowardice, gross disloyalty, dishonest practices, and conduct unbecoming officers and gentlemen.

Office of Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of N. C.,
Nov. 3, A. D., 1863, A. L., 5863.

IT BEING DEEMED IMPORTANT, ALL PERSONS having claims against the Grand Lodge of any character are required to present them for payment to the Grand Treasurer on Tuesday, the 2d day of the next Grand Communication. E. F. WATSON.
Nov 5-oawtd Grand Master.

LAND WANTED.

A REFUGEE WANTS TO PURCHASE A SMALL piece of Land near Raleigh. Apply to the Editor of the Progress. July 31-tf

FOR RENT.

A COMFORTABLE HOUSE AND LOT IN THE town of Louisburg for the next year. Apply to T. J. HOLT,
Nov 26-eodtf Raleigh, N. C.

WANTED.

A WHITE WOMAN, WHO UNDERSTANDS Housekeeping and the care of Children, and can come well recommended, can secure a good home and good wages by applying at the PROGRESS OFFICE.
Nov 20-tf

THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. V. RALEIGH. THURSDAY. DEC. 3. 1863. NO. 20.

GOV. VANCE'S MESSAGE.—The Charlotte *Democrat* says:

We publish the Message of Gov. Vance to the Legislature of North Carolina now in session. We think it meets with general approbation, as it deserves.

We are pleased to see that the Governor, among other important recommendations, recommends the restoration of the Spring Term of the Superior Courts. By all means the Courts should be re-established as in former days. When the Stay Law was first passed and one term of the court suspended, some people thought it would be of immense benefit to the debtor. We did not think so, and we considered it an injury not only to the honest debtor, but to all others. Experience has shown that this view was correct.

If the stay law had never been enacted we should not now hear the complaint from so many people that they can't pay their debts with Confederate money, because most of debts would have been paid long ago. But many persons, instead of paying their debts, took advantage of that iniquitous law, and either hoarded their money or speculated with it.—Now that they see the importance of being out of debt before the war ends, they are anxious to pay, but not many creditors are anxious to receive.

MARRIED,

In this city, on Tuesday evening, 1st instant, by Rev. W. M. Wingate, Mr. JOHN K. PUREFOY to Miss SUE E. NEATHERY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HEADQUARTERS,
1st REGIMENT N. C. M. FOR HOME DEFENCE,
Raleigh, Dec. 2, 1863.

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE PROCLAMATION OF the Governor, setting apart Thursday, Dec. 10th, as a day of public Fasting and Prayer, the drill of the Home Guard, appointed for that day, is hereby postponed until Saturday, the 12th, at 12 o'clock M.

By order of Col. W. H. Harrison:
Dec 3-td D. W. BAIN, Adjutant.

NEW TANNERY.

MOSES & JORDAN WILL TAN ALL SPLIT Hides for one-third and all Skins for one-half. The owner of the hides shall have the preference of the yard's part at what it is selling for from the Yard at the time. Location nine miles South-east of Raleigh, and within three-quarters of a mile of Auburn, on the N. C. R. R. Dec 3-12t*

$25 REWARD.

LOST, A PAIR OF LADIES GOLD SPECTACLES, round wire with Scotch Pebble, in red Morocco case. Any person returning them to CREECH & LITCHFORD will receive the above reward. Dec 3-3t*

CANDLES! CANDLES!

25 BOXES TALLOW AND FIVE BOXES WAX Candles for sale. T. D. SLEDGE,
Dec 3-3t* Market Square.

SALE POSTPONED.

THE SALE ADVERTISED BY W. G. RIDDICK is definitely postponed. Dec 3-1t*

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE,

IN FRANKLINTON, N. C., CONTAINING SEVEN or eight rooms, double office in the yard, with all necessary out-houses. Apply to J. A. PITMAN,
Dec 3-3t* Franklinton, N. C.

NEW AND POPULAR BALLAD NOW READY.

"GOOD BYE, SWEETHEART, GOOD BYE," handsomely lithographed in colors and on good paper. Price $1. G. DUNN & CO.,
Dec 3-2t Publishers, Richmond, Va.

ALMANACS! ALMANACS!!

TURNER'S ALMANAC FOR 1864. SEND IN YOUR orders at once before the Edition is gone. Deduction made when sold by the quantity. Price 25c.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.,
Dec 3-1w Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE.

I WILL SELL AT DURHAM'S, ON THE 16TH INstant, 12 likely young NEGROES, for cash.
Dec 3-td* R. F. MORRIS, Auctioneer.

FOR SALE.

CAPE FEAR BANK STOCK.
Dec 3-3t W. H. JONES.

DENTAL NOTICE.

W. F. BASON, DENTIST,

MAY BE FOUND AT HIS OFFICE, OVER MR. PESCUD'S Drug Store, for a few days longer, by special request. All operations for the Medical, Surgical or Mechanical treatment of the Mouth or Teeth attended to. Nov 30-1w

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

STOCK & MONEY BROKERS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

CONTINUE TO CARRY ON THE BROKERAGE BUSiness at their old stand as heretofore, in all its various branches. June 25-6m

SURGERY FOR FIELD AND HOSPITAL.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO SUPPLY MY WORK on Surgery, to subscribers and others who may wish to purchase it.

On the receipt o $5,00, the book will be sent by mail, postage paid. EDWARD WARREN, M. D.
Aug 21-tf Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE!!

THE FIRM HERETOFORE KNOWN UNDER THE appellation of Lack & Farriss, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due the firm, and all to whom the concern is indebted, will please settle and present their claims to C. M. Farriss, by whom the business will in future be conducted.

C. M. Farriss tenders his acknowledgements to the patrons of the old firm for their liberality and punctuality, and respectfully requests a continuance of the same under his auspices. CHAS. M. FARRISS.
Sept 6-tf

BRITTON'S BLUE-BLACK WRITING FLUID,

MANUFACTURED BY J. E. BRITTON, CHARlotte, N. C. A superior article. Southern Manufacture. Try it. All bottles warranted.

I am manufacturing an article of Writing Ink, equay if not superior, to any Inks manufactured North. Ever, person who has tried this Ink speaks well of its quallity. It has a blue-black color, and flows freely from the pen.

It can be had either wholesale or retail by addressing the subscriber.

For thirteen years, writing done with Ink manufactured from this recipe has been exposed to the sun and air, and is as fast in color, and as good now as when first written with. Orders solicited, and all promptly filled. Address. J. E. BRITTON,
Charlotte, Mecklenburg Co., N. C.

The following recommendation of the superior quality of the ink is given by the gentleman whose name is annexed. He has used the ink and can speak for its good qualities:

CHARLOTTE, June 3, 1863.

Mr. J. E. Britton:—Dear Sir: I have tried your very excellent Writing Fluid, and can truly say that it is superior to any Ink that I have ever seen manufactured in the South. It is equal if not far better, than any Writing Ink made at the North. Every one who will try this Ink can be sure of getting an excellent article.

C. OVERMAN, P. M.,
July 8-tf Charlotte, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BY THE GOVERNOR OF NORTH CAROLINA.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, IT BECOMES A CHRISTIAN PEOple under all circumstances to acknowledge the superintending care and sovereignty of Almighty God, and especially to confess our transgressions and humble ourselves before His chastening hand in seasons of affliction and calamity:

Now, therefore, I, ZEBULON B. VANCE, Governor of the State of North Carolina, moved by these considerations, as also by the request of the General Assembly and to concur in the action of other Southern States, do issue this my proclamation setting apart Thursday the 10th day of December next, as a day of Fasting, Humiliation and Prayer; earnestly requesting its sincere observance by all the good people of the State; that all worldly employments be suspended, and that all Ministers and Clergymen of whatsoever denomination, will open their Churches, and assembling their congregations, make earnest and fervent supplications unto God that He will stay his wrath which has been heavy upon us, and especially, that He may in His wisdom, open the way for the speedy restoration of peace to our desolated land, on such terms as will best promote His glory and both the spiritual and temporal welfare of his creatures.

{L. S.} In testimony whereof, I, ZEBULON B. VANCE, Governor, Captain-General and Commander-in-Chief, hath set my hand and caused the great seal of the State to be affixed.

Done at our City of Raleigh on the 30th day of November, A. D., 1863. Z. B. VANCE.

By the Governor:
R. H. BATTLE, JR.,
Nov 30-td Private Secretary.
All papers of the State copy till the 10th December.

FOR RENT,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION IN TWO MILES OF Louisburg, containing eleven hundred and seventy-five acres of land, bounded north-west by Bear Creek and Tar River. Sufficient open land to work thirty or more hands; the Mansion House has eight rooms and necessary out-houses, and negro cabbins for the accommodation of 70 or 80 negroes. This track is well known as the Burrel Perry land, which I propose to rent on Tuesday the 15th December next, at the Court House in Louisburg, it being Tuesday of the County Court. J. REID,
Dec 2-6t* Ex'or of B. Perry.

FRESH OYSTERS,

RECEIVED ON THURSDAY AND SATURDAY OF each week, and for sale at the Market. Hand in your orders beforehand.
Dec 2-1t* W. H. FINCH.

FOR RENT,

THREE FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH OR WITHout meals, at MRS. H. W. MILLER'S.
Dec 2-tf

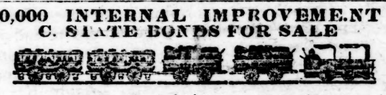
MERCHANTS' BANK OF NEWBERN.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Merchants' Bank of Newbern, will be held in Greensboro' N. C., on Monday, the 7th of December next. W. W. CLARK, Cashier.
Nov 25-2t* W25&T3dDec

STRAY NOTICE.

TAKEN UP, ON THE 29TH DAY OF NOVEMber, 1863, by Mauray Smith, living thirteen miles north-west from Raleigh, in the county of Wake, a certain stray MARE MULE, of a light mouse color, supposed to be twelve years old, and appraised at five hundred dollars, and by the said Mauray Smith entered upon my Stray-Book. D. A. WICKER,
Dec 1-tf Ranger.

$30,000 INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT N. C. STATE BONDS FOR SALE



OFFICE CHATHAM R. R. COMPANY,
Raleigh, Nov. 19th, 1863.

ON TUESDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1863, will be sold at public Auction, at the Sales Room of Creech & Litchford, in the city of Raleigh, Thirty Thousand Dollars North Carolina six per cent. State Bonds, the interest of which is payable semi-annually, on the first days of January and July in each year, and the principal on the 1st day of January, 1883.

These Bonds were issued to the Raleigh and Gaston R. R. Company, and the City of Raleigh, for the benefit of the Chatham R. R. Company, and in addition to the general credit of the State, have the security of a special Sinking Fund. Copies of the laws authorizing the issue may be had on application to the undersigned.

KEMP P. BATTLE,
Nov. 28-tawtd President.
Standard, State Journal, Wilmington Journal, Greensboro' Patriot, Salisbury Watchman and Charlotte Bulletin, will copy twice a week till day.

TO MOULDERS.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, AT THE NORTH State Iron and Brass Works, Raleigh, N. C., one or two good Moulders
Nov 28 10t* SHAY, WILLIAMSON & CO.
Standard semi-weekly copy 4t.

BREASTPIN LOST.

THE ADVERTISER HAS LOST A BREASTPIN somewhere on the streets of Raleigh. The Breastpin is a small one and in the shape of a key. It is highly prized by the owner, and a liberal reward will be paid to the finder by leaving it at the
Nov 30-tf PROGRESS OFFICE.

FARM FOR RENT.

WE HAVE A FARM CONTAINING 250 ACRES, lying on the waters of Swift and Steep Hill Creeks, seven miles South of Raleigh, immediately on the Stage Road leading to Fayetteville. A Dwelling and necessary out-house are on the place. Terms accommodating. For particulars enquire of
CREECH & LITCHFORD,
Nov 30-tf Raleigh, N. C.

SHOES AND BOOTS,

NEXT DOOR TO WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD,
FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED AND NOW IN STORE A SPLENdid assortment of Gentlemen, Ladies' and Misses' Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, embracing a beautiful variety of Ladies' and Satin Shoes and Gaiters. Also a large lot of Cotton Yarns of assorted numbers.

Also one dozen Double Barreled Pocket Cannons, French invention—shoot ten times in as many seconds.

Apply early and procure your winter supplies of Shoes and Boots before the rise in price.

Terms strictly cash on delivery.
Nov 21-1m J. H. KIRKHAM.
Standard and Spirit of the Age copy one month each

MASONIC.

THE OFFICERS, MEMBERS, AND REPRESENTAtives of the GRAND LODGE of Free and Accepted Masons of North Carolina will meet at the Masonic Hall, in this city, on Monday evening the 7th of December next at 7 o'clock.

A full representation is earnestly desired, as business of much importance will then and there be submitted for the consideration of the Grand Lodge.

WILLIAM T. BAIN,
Oct 20-oawtlstWD Grand Secretary.

STOLEN BOND.

STOLEN FROM ME AT PETERSBURG, VA., A North Carolina Coupon Bond, new issue, for $500, No. 95. All persons are cautioned against purchasing said Bond, as I shall apply for a duplicate.

P. HENNEBERRY,
Nov 21-10t* Windsor, N. C.
Petersburg Express copy 10 times and send bill to Smyth & Co.

WANTED,

$20,000 IN NORTH CAROLINA TREASURY Notes, 1s and 2s, wanted for which the highest premium will be paid.
Oct 28-tf W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.

AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALES.

IMPORTANT SALE AT HILLSBOROUGH ON THE 15TH DECEMBER, 1863.

2,500 LBS. SWEEDS AND ENGLISH IRON
20 Gallons Varnish
25 Cottage Bedsteads, large size
3 Gross Bed Screws
3 Dozen Mill Saw Files
2½ Dozen Hand Saw Files
3 Sets Iron Axles for Wagons
300 lbs. White Lead
6 Boxes Window Glass, 8x10, 10x12, 10x14
300 lbs. Hoop Iron
3 Boxes Mahogany Veniers, for Bureaus and Wardrobes
30 lbs. excellent Glue
1 Full set Blacksmith's Tools, new; never been used, (Bellows 38 inches,)
Heavy size 7 Spinning Wheels, No. 1 article
Some Wagon Chains
One fine Syrup Mill, three Rollers
Wood Screws, Sand Papers, &c., &c
Terms of sale, cash.

Any of the above articles can be traded for privately until day of sale. GEORGE BISHOP,
Nov 30-td Hillsborough, N. C.
Standard copy td.

ATTRACTIVE AUCTION SALE.

ON THURSDAY, 3D INSTANT, IN FRONT OF our Sales Room, commencing at 11 o'clock, A. M., we will sell 3 N. C. Coupon Bonds, issued in 1857; a considerable lot of Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of Sideboard, Bedsteads, Cooking Stove, fancy Parlor Stove, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

One excellent Farm Horse and two Mules; one keg Cuba Molasses; one keg Blackberry Wine, several dozen bottles do., one barrel Old Brandy, several fine Drab Felt Hats, Cavalry Boots, Nails by the keg, &c., &c., together with sundry other articles not enumerated.

—ALSO—

On Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock, a lot of Blockade Goods, to close consignment, consisting of several pieces Welch Flannel, 4 pieces Blue Jeans, Black and Colored Alpaccas, Ladies Gaiters, Toilet Soaps, several pieces 4-4 Long Cloth, Black Linen Thread and Bone Pantaloon Buttons. CREECH & LITCHFORD,
Dec 2-2t Auctioneers.

NOTICE.

AT THE RESIDENCE OF L. A. MEWBORNE, (¼ of a mile from Hughes' Academy, Orange county,) will be sold, on the 10th December, 1863, the following articles, viz:

60 Barrels of Corn
40 Fat Hogs
Sows, Pigs and Shoats
Fodder and Shucks
20 Bushels Sound Salt
1 Set common Blacksmiths Tools
1 Fine Carriage
2 Looms
1 Barrel Cider Vinegar
1 Fine Cow and other articles

—ALSO—

at the same time and place, we will offer the valuable Wheat and Corn Mill formerly belonging to Ellis & Willkinson. Our reason for selling is that we are going back to the Eastern part of the State.

—ALSO—

House and Lot, good Orchard, and 10 Acres of Land.
Nov 30-4t MEWBORNE & HARDEE.
Greensborg Patriot copy till sale and send account to M. & H., Hillsboro.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE THE House and Lot in the Town of Hillsboro, now used as a factory. The building is 30x50 feet, with cellar and sheds on one side; is a well built house, sealed inside and painted inside and out; has a firstrate Pump and excellent water, ⅜ of an acre of land, corner lot, and no building within seventy-five feet, consequently in no danger of fire from neighboring buildings; is well adapted for store room and tobacco factory. Price $2,500. The house cannot be built for double this amount.

GEORGE BISHOP,
Nov 30-t15D Hillsboro, N. C.
Standard copy.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE, PRIvately, in the town of Hillsboro, a first class Building Lot, containing two acres, conveniently situated half way between the depot and court-house.

I will also sell a good riding and buggy Horse, if early application is made.

I also wish to rent or buy a good Piano. Refugees having a good instrument which they wish taken care of, have here a rare chance, as I am a practical tuner and can of course keep it in best order. Apply early.

HENRI BASELER.
Nov 25-6t* Hillsboro, N. C.

IMPORTANT SALE.

HAVING SOLD MY FARM IN WAKE COUNTY, twelve miles north of Raleigh and four miles from Forestville Depot, on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, I will sell to the highest bidder on Tuesday, 15th December, 1863, my crop of Corn, Fodder, Shucks, Hay, Wheat, Rye, Oats and Peas, forty or fifty large, fat Hogs, Sows and Pigs, thirty head of Sheep, Horses, Mules, fine blooded Milch Cows, one fine Durham Bull Calf, eighteen months old; Farming Utensils, consisting of Wagons, Dump Carts, Ox Carts, Ploughs, etc.; Household and Kitchen Furniture, one good Piano, one Singer's Sewing Machine, Beds, etc.

Also, at the same time and place will be sold five or six likely young Negroes.

Also, about twenty-five gallons of good Apple Brandy. Terms, six months credit, or cash if preferred.

H. C. LIGON.
Nov 24-td
Standard copy twice and send bill to State Journal.

AUCTION SALE.

I WILL SELL AT GRAHAM, N. C., DECEMBER 16, 1863, at Public Auction:

11 bbls Holt's Whiskey and Brandy;
30 sacks Salt;
1 hhd. Eng. Island Molasses;
2½ bbls. Glue;
2 Buggies;
1 Wagon;
1 Cart;
1 Horse;
1 Piano;
1 Cooking Stove, complete;
The Crockery and Glassware and other Household Furniture belonging to the estate of Henry S. Blackwell, dec'd.

Terms, 6 months' credit or cash.

THOS. J. MITCHELL,
Nov 18-td Adm'r.

VALUABLE PLANTATIONS FOR SALE.

I OFFER FOR SALE THREE VALUABLE FARMS, two of them containing 800 acres each, and situated two miles from the Town of Windsor, in Bertie county, and about one mile from Cashie river. There is upon the premises all necessary buildings. On account of the location of course the lands are very valuable, being near the capitol of the county, and at a near point to ship produce by water. The third contains 500 acres, 5 miles from Roanoke river. There is upon the lands a neat Dwelling and all usual out-buildings. This Plantation is a very desirable one, and in fact all are in good state of cultivation, and the location healthy and society very good. The reputation of Bertie county lands is well know for the production of corn, cotton and peas, which is enough guarantee to the purchaser without further details. Apply to me at Windsor, N. C., or to JORDAN WOMBLE, Esq., at Raleigh, N. C.

P. HENNEBERRY.
Nov 20-1m*

PIANO FOR SALE.

A FINE 7-OCTAVE, ROSEWOOD, METAL FRAME, soft sweet toned PIANO, can be had by early application, on favorable terms.

L. BRANSON.
Nov 17-tf

NOTICE—MANUFACTURED AND SMOKING TOBACCO FOR SALE.

WE WILL SELL A LARGE QUANTITY OF very fine Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, for Confederate money. Address,

J. D. & A. WALKER & CO.,
Harmony, Halifax, Va.
Nov 13-1m* or Woodsdale, Person, N. C.

ADVERTISING RATES.

The following rates will be charged for all advertisements inserted in the DAILY PROGRESS:

ONE SQUARE OF EIGHT LINES, OR LESS:

One day	$2 00	One week	$ 9 00
Two days	3 50	Two weeks	12 00
Three days	5 00	Three weeks	15 00
Four days	6 50	One month	30 00
Five days	8 00	Two months	70 00

Fifty words, or eight lines or less count a square, and additional squares will be charged the same. Advertisements inserted once, twice or three times a week will be charged $2 a square for every insertion.

When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid in advance.

STATE DIRECTORY.

GOVERNMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

His Excellency, Zebulon B Vance, Buncombe, Governor
Col David A Barnes, Northampton, Aid.
do George Little, Wake do
Richard H Battle, Jr, Anson, Private Secretary.
Dr Edward Warren, Chowan, Surgeon General.
John P H Russ, Wake, Secretary of State.
Jonathan Worth, Randolph, Public Treasurer.
Curtis H Brogden, Wayne, Comptroller.
Samuel F Phillips, Orange, Auditor.
Ebenezer Emmons, State Geologist.
Oliver H Perry, Wake, State Librarian.
Major General R C Gatlin, Lenoir, Adjutant General.
Captain William B Gulick, Beaufort, Paymaster.
Captain Thomas D Hogg, Wake, Commissary and Ordnance Officer.
Captain James Sloan, Guilford, Quartermaster.
Captain Henry A Dowd, Edgecombe, do
James H. Foote, Iredell, Asst. Adjt. Gen., (Roll of Honor.)
William A. Graham, Jr., Orange, Asst Adjt. General
Lieut. John B. Neathery, Wake, Asst. Adjt. General.
Lieut. Thomas White, Franklin, Asst. Quartermaster.

JUDICIAL.

Supreme Court.—Richmond M Pearson, Yadkin, Chief Justice; William H Battle, Orange, and Matthias E Manly, of Craven, Judges; Sion H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General; Hamilton C Jones, Rowan, Reporter; Edmund B Freeman, Clerk, [Meets in the city of Raleigh second Monday in June each year. The Morganton term has been discontinued.]

Superior Courts.—Judges.—John L Bailey, Buncombe; Romulus M Saunders, Wake; Robert R Heath, Chowan; Robt S French, Robeson; James W Osborne, Mecklenburg; George Howard, Wilson; Robert B Gilliam, Granville; William M Shipp, Henderson.

Solicitors.—1st Circuit, Jesse J Yeates, Hertford, 2nd Circuit, Charles C Clark, Craven; 3rd Circuit, Silas H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General; 4th Circuit, Thomas Settle, Rockingham; 5th Circuit, Ralph Maxton, Cumberland; 6th Circuit, Robert F Armfield, Yadkin; 7th Circuit, William P Bynum; 8th Circuit, Augustus S. Merrimon, Buncombe.

Confederate States District Court.—Hon Asa Biggs, Martin, Judge; George V Strong, Wayne, Attorney; W N Watson, Craven, Clerk; Wesley Jones, Wake, Marshal.

Council of State.—F B Satterthwaite, Pitt; Robert P Dick, Guilford; Dr James Calloway, Wilkes; L Eldridge, Johnston; J R Hargrave, Anson; Jesse R Stubbs, Martin; James A Patton, Buncombe.

Literary Board.—His Excellency Gov. Vance, President *ex officio*, Rev William E Pell, Wake, and Professor Richard Sterling, Guilford; Dr. Wm. Sloan, of Gaston; Richard H Battle, Jr, Secretary.

Board Internal Improvements.—His Excellency Govern'r Vance, President *ex officio*; Wm Eaton, Jr, of Warren, and J H Flanner, of New Hanover. Richard H Battle, Jr, Secretary.

Commissioners of Sinking Fund.—Hon Thomas Ruffin, Alamance, Hon Weldon N Edwards, Warren, and Hon David L Swain, Orange.

The University of North Carolina is at Chapel Hill.—Hon David L Swain, President.

Rev Calvin H Wiley is Superintendent of the Common Schools of the State.

Wiley J Palmer, A M, is Principal of the N C Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind, at Raleigh.

Dr Edward C Fisher is Superintendant of Asylum for the Insane, at Raleigh.

Rev W M Wingate is President of Wake Forest College, (Baptist) which is for the present suspended.

Rev Braxton Craven is President of Trinity College (Methodist.)

Rev ——— is President of Davidson College (Presbyterian.)

Major W M Gordon is Superintendant of the Hillsboro' Military Academy.

REWARDS.

FREE NEGRO RUNAWAY—ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.

HENRY HARRIS, A FREE NEGRO, CAME TO ME on the 19th ultimo, representing himself as of age, and knowing he was a free negro, I had no hesitation in giving him a pass to seek employment. The said negro went as far as Henderson, N. C., and on Thursday I saw him there and told him he must return with me to Raleigh. He had no objection. I went up to the house of a citizen, where he was, for him, and saw him in the yard. Before I got within 200 yards of him he ran off. I pursued him to the woods and gave up the chase. He is about 5 feet 6 inches high, a good bacon color; had on indifferent shoes, had on felt or wool hat and a soldier jacket. He passes in Henderson by the name of William. Has a burn on one leg, and scoops. I forwarn all persons from barboring him, and will pay the above reward for him.
Dec 2-1w* B. D. SMITH, Raleigh, N. C.

$100 REWARD.

I WILL PAY THE ABOVE REWARD TO ANY one for the delivery to me, in Raleigh, of my fine Hunting Case Gold Watch. Said Watch was stolen from my pocket on the train coming down this side of Salisbury, on Thursday night, by a villain who was spotted at the time and arrested very soon after, but too late, as he had disposed of the Watch in some way, so that it could not be found. Said Watch is marked "J. T. J."—the letters, however, resemble G. T. G. very much.

THOMAS JENKINS,
Nov. 21-tf Raleigh, N. C.
Salisbury Watchman copy 2 times and forward bill.

$500 REWARD.

I WILL GIVE FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS REward for the apprehension and confinement in any jail within the State, of WILLIAM FINN, a notorious horse rogue. Said Finn deserted from Company E, 59th Regiment North Carolina Cavalry about eight months ago, is about thirty years old, about five feet eight or nine inches high, light hair, fair complexion, skin of the face approaching redness, blue eyes, with sharp, keen look, nose somewhat roman, sulky outer look, slow to speak, but when he does speak he speaks short. On some occasions he has passed himself by the name of Johnston.

I have reason to believe the said Finn stole from me on the night of the 7th, (this month,) my fine bay MARE, saddle and bridle. The mare was two years old last Spring, sixteen or seventeen hands high, red bay with black mane and tail, several skinned marks in her forehead; the saddle was of Spanish form, with loose hog skin seat, wool padded on the tree; the seat was stitched. I will give a liberal reward for the delivery of my mare, or for any information that will lead to her recovery.

My residence is on Dutch Buffalow Creek, about ten miles South-east from Concord, Cabarrus county. My address, Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus county, N. C.

WM. A SMITH.
Nov 16-aow6w Concord, N. C.
Columbia Guardian will publish once a week for 6 weeks.

DR. B. F. ARRINGTON.

RESPECTFULLY OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country in the practice of Operative Dentistry and treatment of the various diseases of the mouth pertaining to the Dental Structure.

Patrons given as reference. Office in Exchange Hotel, Room No. 54. Oct 13-tf

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,
RALEIGH, N. C., May 8, 1862.

LEAD WANTED.—I WISH TO PURCHASE LEAD for this department. Persons having large or small quantities will please apply at once. We give 1 pound of POWDER for 10 pound of LEAD.

THOS. HOGG, Maj. C. S.
May 8-tf In charge of Ordnance.

WANTED.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS of NORTH Carolina eight and six per cent. bonds, new issue, for which the highest market price will be paid. Apply to W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.
Aug 4-tf

WANTED.

COUPONS OF THE OLD NORTH CAROLINA Sixes, for which the highest market price will be paid. Apply to W. R. RICHARDSON & Co.
Aug 25-tf

W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.,
STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,
June 2-tf RALEIGH N. C.

DAILY PROGRESS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THURSDAY, DEC. 3, 1863.

How to Send us Money.—Never send by mail when you can send by Express. All money sent by Express at our expense. Those sending us money by mail must do so at their own risk.

Rags Advanced.—We will pay 12½ cents a pound for all the clean Cotton rags delivered at the Progress office.

Job Printing.—Having an abundance of material and good workmen we are prepared to execute all orders for JOB PRINTING with dispatch.

OUR ONLY TERMS.

The following are our only terms of subscription for the PROGRESS:

DAILY PROGRESS:

Six months	$10 00
Three months	6 00
Two months	4 00
One month	2 00

The paper will be stopped in all cases when the time paid for expires, and those who do not wish to be without the paper must look to this and renew in time.

Agents and newsdealers will be furnished at $8 per hundred copies.

We publish nothing but a Daily Edition and enter none but daily subscribers on our mail books.

Advertisements will be inserted for $2 a square (eight lines solid minion or less) for the first, and $1:50 for every additional insertion.

Bragg's Retreat.

As we expected, Bragg's retreat which commenced at Lookout Mountain, continued to Dalton, where, at last accounts the army, the fragments of it left, were in line of battle. The War Department no doubt has news from Bragg that it has not given to the country, but sufficient is known to enable us to realize the defeat of our Western Army as a most serious if not irreparable disaster.

We do not know what Bragg's strength was when the advance of the enemy commenced, and of course we cannot know what it is now, but we have no idea that Grant's victorious army will stop where it is.—Dalton, the position of our army on the 29th, is 25 miles below Chattanooga, while Ringgold, which place had been reached by the enemy's advance, is 10 miles above Dalton and 15 miles from Chattanooga. Grant has Chattanooga, and he has free and uninterrupted communication with Nashville and Memphis, and of course can supply his army without the slightest difficulty. Here, then, at Chattanooga, is the base for operations against Georgia, and though the main army of the enemy may attempt no advance now, North Georgia will be subject to all the losses, horrors and indignities of raids, while the whole army will prepare for an advance to the heart of the Empire State of the South in early Spring. Tennessee is gone to us for the present—for if Longstreet saves himself he will do well—and we must prepare for the defence of Georgia, or that too will pass from us before the close of another year. Gen. Bragg's army is in no condition to fight now and will be compelled to fall back as long as pressed by the enemy, but we have cause to hope that Grant is crippled to such an extent as not to be able to follow far. Bragg will probably fall back to Rome or Kingston, or some poist lower down, out of reach of the enemy, to reorganize his army; and if we really desire the success of our arms we should go to work to prepare the army for another encounter with the enemy, instead of abusing, censuring or criticising what has been done. We are without details but we have enough to know that Bragg has been badly whipped; that our loss in men, artillery, stores, &c., has been heavy, but until we are possessed of all the facts—the numbers engaged on both sides with other advantages and disadvantages—we are not prepared to say that any one else could have done better than Gen. Bragg.

The following special dispatches to the Richmond *Dispatch*, of Tuesday, is the latest we have from Bragg, at this writing:

DALTON, GA., Nov. 27th, 1863.—The army reached Ringgold last night without molestation until near the town, when our rear was attacked. The enemy captured Ferguson's battery, and inflicted considerable loss on Maury's brigade.

We lost all the wagons of one division except those of Gen. Wright's brigade.

To-day our army continues its retreat upon Dalton. The head of the column has just arrived. There is considerable fire of infantry and artillery, resulting in the repulse of the enemy. Their pursuing column consists of ten thousand men—mounted infantry.

All the railroad stock at Chickamauga was saved Such stores as could not be removed—not many—were destroyed.

The people along the road are retiring with the army. Nearly everybody left Ringgold. The wagon roads are in a horrible condition. SALLUST.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

RINGGOLD, Nov. 26. (via Dalton, Nov. 27.)—Among the killed at Missionary Ridge were Cols. Porcher, of South Carolina, McConnell, of Georgia, and Bullock, of Florida. Cols. Ruddler, of Georgia, and Tyler, of Tennessee, were wounded.

Col. Claudius Wilson, of Georgia, died to-day of disease. SALLUST.

[THIRD DISPATCH.]

RESACA, Nov. 29.—The enemy retired to Ringgold after their bloody defeat by Gen. Cleburne, who captured 800 prisoners, four flags, and killed and wounded 1,500.

Their advance is now at Ringgold, and our advance is near them. They destroyed the bridge when they retreated.

The Confederate army is in position at Dalton and in front of it. All the trains are ordered back to Resaca, ten miles in rear of Dalton.

The enemy cannot advance without the railroad, and they have no cars. There is no reason to apprehend an advance now, if at all this winter.

The rains are heavy, and the roads horrible.

It is bitter cold, and shoes and blankets are needed for our suffering soldiers. SALLUST.

The Confederate Congress meets at Richmond on Monday next and the Federal Congress meets at Washington on the same day, and as the sword has been tried for nearly three years and failed to settle the difficulties between the two sections, we hope the two bodies about to assemble, representing the entire people of the two sections, will be able, at least, to inaugurate some measures looking to a cessation of hostilities. The valor and prowess of both sections have been abundantly established, now let us parley over the matter. Blood enough has been shed and lives enough have been offered up, and if ever there was a time for peace offerings, on both sides, that time is now, and we hope the Congresses now about to assemble will not adjourn until some steps are taken looking to that end.

The attempts being made in certain quarters to reflect upon Surgeon General Warren and his subordinates is puerile and contemptible. Dr. Warren accepted his present position at the solicitation of Gov. Vance, and entered upon the discharge of his duties at a time when efficiency, energy and judgment were necessary to protect our sick and wounded from want and neglect. He has established hospitals and "way-side homes," and provided comforts and delicacies without stint, for the use of the sick and wounded in our armies, and sent special agents to points where our sufferers have been neglected, with means and authority to relieve their wants and minister to their sufferings—in fact has left undone nothing that could have been done for the benefit of North Carolina's sick and wounded everywhere. Dr. Warren has endeared himself to our soldiers by his untiring exertions in their behalf, and if Gov. Vance, to whose personal staff he belongs, is satisfied with the manner in which he discharges his duties, we don't see how the professed friends of his Excellency can be guilty of such ungenerous, contemptible, and untruthful attacks upon his staff officer.

The factionists in the Legislature and out of it, who exerted all the influence they had to get up a war whose battles they have refused to fight, could better serve the Confederacy by shouldering their musket and marching to the front, as they promised to do, than they can by abusing gentlemen who are performing their duty. The State has no better officer than Gen. Warren.

The attacks of that hireling concern, the Richmond *Enquirer*, upon the Legislature of North Carolina, are beneath notice and too mean for contempt. But for North Carolina the infamous carcass of the creature who scribbles for the *Enquirer*, and those of his masters, would have been confined in Northern dungeons long since, and Richmond and the balance of Virginia would have been sacked by an unfeeling foe. Even at the moment that these libelous attacks are made upon our Legislature and the loyalty of our people, our sons and brothers stand like a wall of fire in Northern Virginia and keep the common enemy out of the Capitol of the Confederacy. Much, however, as we despise these traducers of the fair fame of our good old State, we have a more supreme contempt for those few unnatural sons among us who patronize, approve and applaud their own defamers.

We had the pleasure of meeting, in the Senate Chamber on yesterday, for the first time since the commencement of the session, the gallant Capt. John W. Ellis, Senator from Brunswick. Capt. Ellis was wounded at the Battle of Chancellorsville, in the left arm, which, we fear, will be permanently disabled. We deeply sympatise with the gentleman in his affliction, but at the same time rejoice that it is no worse. The State has no more gallant son nor the Confederacy no more devoted defender than Capt. Ellis.

NORTHERN NEWS.

THE LATEST FROM CHATTANOOGA!

THE BATTLE OF LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN.

The latest Northern papers are to Friday last. We give the following interesting summary:

BATTLE OF LOOKOUT MOUNTAIN—DISPATCHES DESCRIBING IT.

The New York papers have a grand display of fancy type over the news from Chattanooga. The telegrams claim as high as 6,000 prisoners, but the official telegrams only notice 2,000. The same discrepancy is noticeable in the statements of the captured cannon, ranging as they do from 40 to 56. The Washington *Star* publishes a telegram from Chattanooga, 23d, which describes the opening of the fight:

The reconnoissance in force made by Major-Gen. Thomas has been completed in the most brilliant and successful manner. The troops employed were the divisions of Gens. Wood and Sheridan, of the 4th army corps, under the immediate direction of Gen. Granger. The object of the movement was not only to ascertain the strength of the enemy, but to occupy two bold knolls in front of our left, half-way between our lines and Missionary Ridge. The principal attack was made by Gen. Hazen's brigade, commanded by that General, supported on the left by Gen. Willich's brigade, and on the right by the whole division of Gen. Sheridan.

The entire field was distinctly visible from Fort Wood, in front of which Gen. Hazen's line of battle was formed, and as the whole army was under arms, with Gen. Howard's corps formed in a solid column, as a reserve to the attacking force, the spectacle was one of magnificence.

The field being commanded by the heavy guns of the fort, only one field battery was taken into action. This was planted on an elevated knoll, in the centre of which Gen. Sheridan's line of battle was formed, before the order to advance was given.

The troops moved out of their position just before 1 o'clock in the afternoon, and remained in line for three-quarters of an hour, in full view of the enemy. At last, everything being ready, General Granger gave the order to advance, and General Hazen and Gen. Willick pushed out simultaneously.

The first shot was fired at two o'clock in the afternoon and in five minutes the lines of Gen. Hazen were hotly engaged, while the artillery of Fort Wood and Gen. Thomas were opened upon the rebel rifle-pits, and the camps behind the line of fighting.

The practice of our gunners was splendid, the camp and batteries of the enemy being about a mile and three-quarters distant; but our fire elicited no response, and it was soon evident that the rebels had no heavy artillery in that part of their entrenchments at least. Our troops rapidly advancing, as if on parade, occupied the knolls, upon which they were directed, at 20 minutes past two.

Ten minutes later, Gen. Willich, driving across an open field, carried the rifle-pits in his front, whose occupants fled as they fired their last volley, and Gen. Sheridan, moving through the forest that stretched before him, drove in the enemy's pickets, and halted his advance in obedience to orders on reaching the rifle pits, where the rebel force was awaiting his attack.

No such attack was made, however, the design being to recover the heights on our left, but not to assault the rebel works.

We have taken about two hundred prisoners, captured mostly from Alabama troops, and have gained a position of great importance should the rebels still attempt to hold the Chattanooga Valley, as with these heights in our possession a column moving to turn Missionary Ridge is secure from flank artillery. The rebels fired their small cannon only during the affair.

CINCINNATI, Tuesday, Nov. 24.—The *Commercial* of this city, has a special despatch, dated Chattanooga, the 23d instant, which says:

"Deserters last night reported that the rebels were falling back of Chickamauga Station.

Their artillery has been withdrawn from our front.

The whole rebel army is apparently in retreat.

A reconnoissance this afternoon reveals that the enemy apparently are in force between us and Missionary Ridge.

Gen. Wood in charging up Orchard Ridge, carried the rifle pits under a severe musketry and artillery fire, taking 200 rebel prisoners. We now hold all the high ground this side of Missionary Ridge. Our troops are in line of battle, and will lie on their arms to-night.

Hard fighting is inevitable to-morrow, unless the rebels withdraw to-night.

CHATTANOOGA, Wednesday, Nov. 25.—We are completely victorious. The enemy is totally routed and driven from every position. Our loss is very small, and the enemy's is heavy in prisoners. Finding Gen. Hooker so successful in his movements against Lookout Mountain, the enemy evacuated that position during the night.

Gen. Hooker took possession early this morning. The enemy moved south and got on Missionary Ridge, on the battle-field somewhere near Chickamauga. He is expected to intercept the flying foe. Gen. Hooker is said to have captured 2,500 prisoners in his magnificent assault on Lookout Mountain.

Gen. Sherman being all prepared began an assault at 6 A. M. to-day upon the strong position of the enemy at the north end of Missionary Ridge. He had the day before taken a hill near the position of the enemy. He had to descend into a valley, and he then made another ascent to the position held by the enemy. Two unsuccessful assaults were made by Gen. Sherman, but, with the co-operation of the centre, he ultimately gained the position, and completed the great victory.

The brigade of Gen. Carse, with a portion of Gen. Lightpew's brigade, composed the storming party in the first assault. They were repulsed with quite a heavy loss after an attack persisted in for over an hour; but being reinforced they were enabled to hold a part of the hills. In this attack Gen. Carse was wounded quite severely in the thigh. The 37th Ohio and 6th Iowa and 103d Illinois regiments were in the attack. A second assault was made at 1½ o'clock, in which Mathias's, Loomis', and Raul's brigades were engaged. The force reached within twenty yards of the summit of the hill and the works of the enemy, when they were flanked and broke, retiring to their reserves.

In this assault Gen. Mathias was wounded and Col. Putnam, of the 93d Ohio, killed. Their persistent efforts compelled the enemy to mass heavily on his right in order to hold the position of so much importance to him. About 9 o'clock Gen. Grant started two columns against the weakened centre, and in an hour's desperate fighting succeeded in breaking the centre and gaining possession of the ridge in which the enemy was posted; the main force was driven northward toward General Sherman, who opened on them, and they were forced to break and seek safety in disordered flight down the western slope of the ridge, and across the western ridge of the Chickamauga. We have taken not less than 5,000 prisoners, and perhaps 10,000. Gen. Hooker will probably intercept the flying enemy in the vicinity of Roseville and the region east of it.

There are reports that we have taken a whole corps.

Among the casualties are Lieut-Col. Espy, of the 68th Indiana regiment; Maj. McCawley, of the 10th Iowa; Col. Omars, of the 90th Illinois; Lieut-Col. Stuart, of the 90th Illinois; Maj. Walker, of the 10th Missouri; Maj. Welsh, of the 56th Illinois; Maj. Inniss, of the 6th Iowa, wounded; Maj. Irwin, of the 6th Iowa, killed.

Full reports of the killed and wounded cannot be obtained, as most of the killed were in General Sherman's corps, and remained at dark in the hands of the enemy. The list will be telegraphed to-morrow. The prisoners say that Bragg was on the ridge just before they were taken.

The successful storming parties consisted of Wood's and Baird's divisions on the left centre and Johnston's and Sheridan's on the right centre. Some of our wounded were left in the hands of the enemy after Gen. Sherman's unsuccessful assault, but were ultimately recovered.

CHATTANOOGA, Wednesday, Nov. 25, 10 P. M.—The captured artillery is reported at about forty pieces. Gen. Hooker captured five boxes of new muskets on Lookout Mountain.

We are in entire possession of the field. We have control over the railway and river to Bridgeport. Two boats came through this morning. Our loss will not amount to more than 300 killed and 250 wounded in the three days' operations. The success has been most brilliant.

The enemy is reported to be bivoucking two miles beyond Missionary Ridge. Col. Phelps, of the 38th Ohio, and Major Glass, of the 32d Indiana, are killed. Gen. John E. Smith is reported wounded. Col. Avery of the 102d New York, lost a leg, and Major Elliott is the same as dead.

The following is the latest intelligence from Chattanooga published in the Northern papers:

CHATTANOOGA, Nov. 26.—Gen. Bragg's retreat from his position of last night is represented as a perfect rout.

Gen. Sheridan reached Chickamauga Station at 4 o'clock this morning. He captured 500 prisoners, four guns, and a number of pontoons.

The enemy attempted to burn the bridge behind him, and partially succeeded. The enemy also burned the depot and stores at Chickamauga. Gen. Sherman crossed the Chickamauga this forenoon. Gen. Hooker was reported at Ringgold at 5 o'clock this evening.

The desertions and captures from the rebel army are rapidly thinning it.

The number of cannon captured thus far is reported at fifty-two, including the celebrated Loomis battery, which was lost by us at Chickamauga.

Gen. Sherman's loss is much less than was estimated, and will probably not exceed five hundred.

Nearly six thousand prisoners have been reported as captured.

The son of Gen. Breckenridge and Major Wilson, his chief of staff, were brought in among the prisoners. Gen. Breckinridge himself narrowly escaped.

A strong column is in pursuit of the enemy, and it is not impossible that another disastrous defeat will be forced on him.

THE SITUATION AT KNOXVILLE.

The following is the latest intelligence from Knoxville. It is a dispatch dated Cincinnati, the 27th, and says:

We have some reports from Knoxville which seem to indicate that Gen. Burnside is perfectly secure in his position. The rebel cavalry are now in the country lying between Cumberland Gap and Knoxville, but no damage has been done to our communications with Gen. Burnside as yet.

Gen. Longstreet has not yet made a heavy assault upon the city, but seems to be anxious to secure prominent positions for his batteries, so that he can command the place from different points and demand a capitulation.

He acts as if his force was not sufficient to hazard a heavy battle under existing circumstances.

A column is already in motion for the relief of Gen. Burnside, under Gen. Wilcox, and reinforcements are being sent forward as rapidly as practicable.

Parson Brownlow is in the interior, and is working hard to keep open communication with the army.

No fears are entertained here for the ultimate result, especially in view of our great victories near Chattanooga.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

The latest advices from Liverpool are to the 14th ult. We make up the following summary of the more interesting news:

The London *News*, of the 11th ult., says:

The Glasgow Emancipation Society lately sent a memorial to Earl Russell, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, regarding an iron screw steamer, at one time named the Canton, but now named the Pampero. The memorial stated that this vessel had lately been launched from the building-yard of Messrs. James & George Thompson here, and was being rapidly fitted out in Glasgow harbor; that she was currently, and the memorialists believed truly, reported to have been constructed for the Confederate Government; that she was of a similar construction to the Alabama, and, like her, intended to prey upon the merchant ships of the Northern States; that she was fitted up with gun-ports, ring-bolts for guns, &c., although the gun-ports had since been filled up and the fittings removed, and these things disguised as much as possible: and that the Society, therefore, requested his Lordship would cause a satisfactory investigation to be made into the character, ownership, and destination of this vessel, with the view that, if found to be of the description and for the purpose they believed her to be, she might be prevented from leaving Britain.

The following reply has been received from Earl Russell:

FOREIGN OFFICE, Nov. 7, 1863.

Gentlemen:—I am desired by Earl Russell to acknowledge the receipt of the memorial dated the 4th inst., and signed by you on behalf of the Glasgow Emancipation Society, requesting the interference of Her Majesty's Government to prevent the departure from that port of the steam-vessel Canton until an investigation has taken place as to her character, ownership, and destination, and I am to acquaint you in reply that the attention of Her Majesty's Government has already been directed to this matter.

I am, gentlemen, your most obedient, humble servant, E. HAMMOND.

W. Smeal, Esq., and And. Paton, Esq., Secretaries Glasgow Emancipation Society.

PROJECT FOR PEACE.

The London *Times* publishes a project for peace in America, by a Northern gentleman writer. He says if the war is to go on for a time, from mere momentum, perhaps, it must be let alone; but it should be turned as soon as possible from a war of attempted conquest to a war for limits and terms of settlement. He suggests that negotiations be opened at once with the Richmond Government for such settlements, and for making a more formal recognition. One of the matters for discussion—the Confederates of course to be recognized *de jure*—must be the navigation of the Ohio and Mississippi; and in the event of Maryland joining the South, the Susquehannah and Chesapeake are to be free, with a common tariff for the two Confederates.

THE PROPOSED PEACE CONGRESS.

It is rumored that Drouyn de L'Huys is drawing up an explanatory document, comprising the different questions which the Emperor intends to submit to Congress; in the meantime the English journals appear to be generally taking a view adverse to Congress. The *Globe* (Ministerial) opposes it. The *Daily News* and *Morning Herald* also oppose it, and agree that if it is held unfavorable results will ensue. The *Times* inquires what England will have to do in the Congress, should it ever prove more than an ideal conception, and points out that there is no place for England in it, all the honors being monopolized by France. The English Cabinet held meetings to consider upon the subject. The result has not transpired and other meetings is fixed for the 16th.

The Madrid *Correspondencia* says the Spanish Government has resolved to send representatives to the Congress, but some Spanish journals look coolly on it.

It is asserted that Austria will give no answer till the resolution of England is known.

Napoleon had invited fifteen Governments to take part in the European Congress proposed in his recent speech. The project excited an unusual degree of interest, with a considerable amount of consternation in most of the capitals. On the whole, however, for one reason or another, it has not been met by a decided objection. Prussia is rumored to have given her adhesion to the plan. The Austrian Government announced to Napoleon that Austria is ready to take part in a Congress, upon a basis yet to be determined, for the strengthening of public European right, and with special regard to accomplished facts. An English Cabinet council was to meet and draft the reply of Queen Victoria.

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

THIRD SESSION.

SENATE, WEDNESDAY, Dec. 2.

The Senate met at 10 o'clock. Journal read.

Mr. Wiggins, from the Finance Committee, reported a resolution instructing the Public Treasurer to issue duplicate bonds in lieu of those stolen by the enemy at Rocky Mt., recommending its reference to the Committee on Claims.

On motion of Mr. Outlaw it was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Lassiter, from the committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported back the memorial of John Manning, (late of the U. S. Navy), asking to be discharged from its further consideration.

Mr. Warren, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill prohibiting trading with slaves for salt.

Mr. Ramsay, from the Committee on Claims, reported a bill in favor of J. W. Hinson, Sheriff of Duplin, recommending its passage. Passed its several readings.

A message was received from the House transmitting the following engrossed bills, &c.

A bill to incorporate the Pettigrew Monument Association. Passed its several readings.

A proposition to appoint a joint committee to enquire into the propriety of reimbursing the Public Printer for expenses incurred in printing at present rates. Concurred in.

A report of different officers of the State of the steamer *Advance*, &c., proposing to print.

Mr. Graham objected to printing anything in regard to the *Advance*.

The papers were read and the proposition to print laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Young.

Mr. Wiggins, from the Finance Committee, reported a bill in relation to the uniform taxation of slaves, asking to be discharged from its further consideration.

Mr. Arendell, from the Committee on Corporations, reported a bill to incorporate the N. C. Express Co., and a bill to incorporate the N. C. Volunteer Navy Co., recommending their passage.

Mr. Young, from the Committee on the Growth of Wool, reported a bill to promote the raising of sheep and the growth of wool; recommending its passage. [Prohibits the exportation of sheep for slaughter, and restricts the perambulations of dogs to their masters' own plantation.]

On motion of Mr. Outlaw, leave of abscence was granted Mr. Copeland.

Mr. Sanders—A bill to increase the pay of the tax-collector for Johnston county. Passed its several readings.

Engrossed resolution in favor of Joseph Cobb, Sheriff of Edgecombe county, was read and referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Lassiter—A bill to authorize the Governor to employ slave labor on fortifications for thirty days. Referred.

The bill in relation to the salaries of State officers was taken up.

Mr. Ramsay moved to insert $2,000 as the salary of the Supt. of Common Schools in place of $1500. Agreed to.

Mr. Hoke moved to insert $2500 as the salary of the Judges. Rejected.

Mr. Outlaw moved an amendment that the Judges shall receive their actual expenses on their circuits in addition to their present salary. Rejected.

Mr. Slaughter—A provision that the Judges shall hold courts or attempt to hold courts in all counties practicable. Rejected.

The bill then passed its third reading by a vote of 21 to 22—the Speaker voting in the affirmative.

A message was received from the House proposing to appoint a joint select committee on the subject of impressments. Concurred in.

Mr. Sharpe, from the Judiciary Committee, reported the resolution in regard to relief of Trustees, asking to be discharged from its further consideration.

A bill allowing the depositions of Presidents of Colleges to be taken as evidence. Passed its several readings.

A resolution in regard to *sine die* adjournment laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Leitch, the Senate adjourned to Thursday 10 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

WEDNESDAY, Dec.

The House met at 10 o'clock, A. M.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Sundry bills and resolutions were reported from Standing Committees and took their place on the Calendar.

A resolution in favor of Joseph Cobb, Sheriff of Edgecombe county, reported from the Committee on Propositins and Grievances, passed its several readings under a suspension of the rules.

Mr. Amis from the Finance Committee, reported a bill authorizing certain banks to receive State Bonds in payment of temporary loans made to the State. Passed 1st reading.

Mr. McKoy, from a Select Committee, reported a bill to amend an "act for the relief of the wives and families of soldiers;" which passed its 1st reading, was made the special order for to-morrow at 12 o'clock.

Mr. Cobb introduced a resolution in favor of H. Wilkinson. Referred to the Committee on Propositions and Grievances.

Mr. Avera—A resolution to send a message to the Senate proposing to raise a Joint Select Committee on the subject of impressment of provisions by the federate authority. Adopted.

Mr. McAden—A bill authorizing the Treasurer to pay out outstanding warrants against the Literary Fund in Confederate currency. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Carpenter.—A bill to incorporate the Catawba Mining Company. Referred to the Committee on Internal Improvements

Mr. Waddell—A bill to authorize the Governor to invest surplus moneys in the Treasury in bonds. Referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. Horton—A bill to authorize A. J. McNeill, Sheriff of Watauga county, to collect arrears of taxes. Passed its several readings under a suspension of the rules.

Mr. Shober—A bill to amend Sec. 29, Chap. of Revised Code. Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

A message was received from the Senate transmitting sundry Engrossed Bills and Resolutions.

The Engrossed Resolution requesting our Senators and Representatives in Congress to urge an increase of the pay of soldiers was adopted.

An engrossed resolution from the Senate in relation to the arrest and imprisonment of Eli Swindell, a citizen of Beaufort county, on a charge of disloyalty, was read the 1st time. [Authorizes the Governor, on demand of the Confederate authorities his return to this State for trial.]

Mr. Fleming opposed the resolution on the ground that the House had no evidence before it, save the action of the Senate, to substantiate the allegations made in the preamble, as to the illegality of the arrest and the loyalty of the prisoner. The prisoner, if wronged, had his remedy in the writ of *habeas corpus*, which he could sue out in Richmond, where he is now detained. He saw no reason now for the interference by the Legislature, and would suggest a reference of the resolution to a Committee.

Mr. Carter, had no personal knowledge of the facts of the case. The statement contained in the preamble, however, had been endorsed on the floor of the Senate by the Senator from Beaufort. The prisoner's loyalty was moreover attested by some of the best citizens of the county. He had in his possession a letter from a highly respectable citizen of that county, setting forth the destitute condition of the prisoner's family, and characteizing his arrest as illegal and imprisonment as cruel. The prisoner, confined first in Salisbury, has been removed from there to Richmond and is now said to be in prison in the City of Richmond. His removal carried him not only beyond the jurisdiction of the Courts of this State, but beyond the cognizance of the Judicial authorities of the Confederate States themselves, the District Courts of North Carolina alone having power to try him.

On motion of Mr. Carter the House resolved itself into a committee of the whole and the Speaker called Mr. Love to the chair.

Mr. Carter addressed the committee at length urging the passage of the resolution.

Mr. Fleming replied opposing its adoption.

The committee then rose and reported progress.

Mr. Person offered a substitute for the preamble which was rejected. He then moved to strike out the preamble. Not agreed to.

The question recuring the ayes and noes were ordered and the resolution was adopted by the following vote:

Those who voted in the affirmative were Messrs. Allison, Albritton, Alford, Amis, Avera, Barnhill, Barringer, Beall, Berry, Best, Bond, Bryan, Bynum, Burns, Carpenter, Carson, Carter, Craig, Crisp, Duke, Dunn, Flynt, Frances, Foust, Foy, Glenn, Greene, Hampton, Harris, of Chatham, Harrison, Henderson, Henry, of Bertie, Henry, of Anderson, Hollingsworth, Howard, Horton, Jenkins, Joyner, Judkins, Keener, Kerner, Laws, Logan, Lyle, Mann, of Hyde, Mann, of Pasquotank, McAden, McCormick, McKay, McRae, Nissen, Parks, Pearce, Perkins, Person, Powell, Reynolds, Richardson, Riddick, Rives, Ritter, Rogers, Russ, Russell, of Craven, Sherrod, Shober, Smith, of Guilford, Smith, of Washington, Stanford, Waddell, Wallep, Walser, Watson, Winborn, Woodall, Young, of Iredell, Young of Yadkin.

Those who voted in the negative were Messrs. Cobb, Davenport, Fleming, George, Gilliam, Graham, Harris, of Cabarrus, Hawes, Hodges, Manning, Stables, Robinson, Stancell, Vann.

On motion of Mr. Amis the bill introduced by him this morning, authorising certain banks to receive State Bonds in payment of temporary loans made to the State, was taken from the table, and passed its several readings under a suspension of the rules.

BILLS ON 2D READING.

The bill to amend the 85th section 34th chapter Revised Code, passed 2nd reading; also a resolution authorizing the sale of certain bonds in the county of Clay, Cherokee, Macon and Jackson.

A bill for the relief of Jno. Manning, on 2d reading, was referred to the Committee on Claims.

A bill to incorporate the Lockville Mining and Manufacturing Company, on 2d reading, was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The House then adjourned until 7 o'clock, P. M.

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